

Table S1. Operative and post-operative details for debulked patients

Characteristic	Overall (n = 158)	Arm A PDS (n = 84)	Arm B NACT-IDS (n = 74)	P
	N.(%)	N. (%)	N. (%)	
Type of Surgery				
Diaphragm	102 (64.6)	81 (96.4)	21 (28.4)	<0.0001
IO thoracic drainage	10 (6.3)	9 (10.7)	1 (1.4)	0.016
Pancreatic tail	5 (3.3)	5 (6.3)	0 (0)	0.033
Splenectomy	61 (38.6)	54 (64.3)	7 (9.5)	<0.0001
Liver resection	25 (15.8)	20 (23.8)	5 (6.8)	0.003
Celiac Nodes	11 (7)	10 (11.9)	1 (1.4)	0.009
Bowel resection	85 (53.8)	71 (84.5)	14 (18.9)	<0.0001
Single	62 (39.2)	52 (61.9)	10 (13.5)	
Multiple	23 (14.6)	19 (22.6)	4 (5.4)	
Oostomy	51 (32.3)	44 (52.4)	7 (9.5)	<0.0001
Estimated blood loss >750 ml	76 (48.1)	42 (50)	34 (45.9)	0.611
Mean hospital stay, d (SD)	11 (9.5)	14.8 (11.3)	6.7 (3.9)	<0.0001

NOTE: Bold font highlight statistically significant differences.

Abbreviations: PDS, Primary debulking surgery; NACT, neoadjuvant chemotherapy; IDS, interval debulking surgery

Table S2. Details of post-operative major complications.

Characteristic	Overall (n = 158)	Arm A	Arm B	P
		PDS (n = 84)	NACT-IDS (n = 74)	
Early (<30 days) **				
All patients	46 (29.1)	39 (46.4)	7 (9.5)	<0.0001
All events	269 (100)	177 (65.8)	92 (34.2)	
Major events	53 (19.7)	46 (25.9)	7 (7.6)	<0.0001*
Grade III	47 (17.5)	40 (22.6)	7 (7.6)	0.002
Pleural effusion	27 (10.0)	26 (14.7)	1 (1.1)	
Re-laparotomy	6 (2.2)	4 (2.3)	2 (2.1)	
Pancreatic fistula	3 (1.1)	3 (1.7)	1 (1.1)	
Intrabdominal collection drainedpa	3 (1.1)	2 (1.1)	0 (0)	
Wound dehiscence treated with V.A.C.® therapy	2 (0.7)	2 (1.1)	0 (0)	
Respiratory failure	2 (0.7)	1 (0.6)	1 (1.1)	
Biliary fistula	1 (0.4)	1 (0.6)	0 (0)	
Embolization	1 (0.4)	1 (0.6)	0 (0)	
Gastric bleeding	1 (0.4)	0 (0)	1 (1.1)	
Deescence of the surgical wound	1 (0.4)	0 (0)	1 (1.1)	
Grade IV	3 (1.1)	3 (1.7)	0 (0)	0.209
Organ failure	2 (0.7)	2 (1.1)	0 (0)	
Organ resection	1 (0.4)	1 (0.6)	0 (0)	
Grade V	3 (1.1)	3 (1.7)	0 (0)	0.209
Late (1-6 months)				
All patients	11 (7.0)	10 (11.9)	1 (1.4)	0.009
All events	35 (100)	31 (88.6)	4 (11.4)	
Major events	14 (40.0)	13 (41.9)	1 (25.0)	0.515*
Grade III	7 (20.0)	6 (19.3)	1 (25.0)	0.791
Pleuric effusion	4 (11.4)	3 (9.8)	1 (25.0)	
Abdominal collection	1 (2.9)	1 (3.3)	0 (0)	
Grade IV	3 (8.6)	3 (9.7)	0 (0)	0.588
Cognitive impairment	1 (2.9)	1 (3.3)	0 (0)	
Multiorgan failure	1 (2.9)	1 (3.3)	0 (0)	
Respiratory failure	1 (2.9)	1 (3.3)	0 (0)	
Grade V	4 (11.4)	4 (12.9)	0 (0)	0.455

* Major (Grade 3, 4 and 5) vs minor (Grade 1 and 2) complications[Strong VE, Selby LV, Sovel M, Disa JJ, Hoskins W, Dematteo R, Scardino P, Jaques DP. Development and assessment of Memorial Sloan Kettering Cancer Center's Surgical Secondary Events grading system. Ann Surg Oncol. 2015 Apr;22(4):1061-7].

**In case of multiple procedure for single complication only last procedure has been considered.

NOTE: Bold font highlights statistically significant differences.

Rates are calculated on All events.

Table S3. Characteristic of patients dead for surgical complications

ID	Age (years)	ECOG	Body mass Index (kg/m ²)	More than 3 comorbidities	Surgical complexity score	Cause of death	early/late
1	72	0	25.0	Yes	3	Heart failure	early
2	67	1	21.8	Yes	3	Respiratory failure	early
3	74	2	21.8	Yes	3	Hemorrhagic shock	early
4	40	2	19.9	No	3	Sepsis	late
5	54	1	18.4	No	3	Respiratory failure	late
6	60	1	19.9	No	3	Multiorgan failure	late
7	55	1	34.6	No	3	Multiorgan failure	late