

Supplementary Appendix**Table S1.** E-Values for Covariates with Significant Odds Ratios in the Multivariable Logistic Regression Model (Table 2).

Covariates	E-value¹
Race/ethnicity (Ref: Non-Hispanic White)	
Non-Hispanic Black	1.92
Age group at diagnosis (Ref: 65-69 years)	
75-79	1.93
80-84	3.41
85+	5.33
Year of diagnosis (Ref: 2010)	
2012	1.95
2013	3.19
2014	3.31
2015	3.58
2016	4.01
2017	5.21
2018	5.19
2019	4.21
Region at diagnosis (Ref: Midwest region)	
Northeast	1.65
South	1.72
West	1.74
Charlson Comorbidity Index (Ref: 0)	
2+	1.72

1. E-value is for point estimate (odds ratio), not confidence interval. Calculated using <https://www.evalue-calculator.com/>

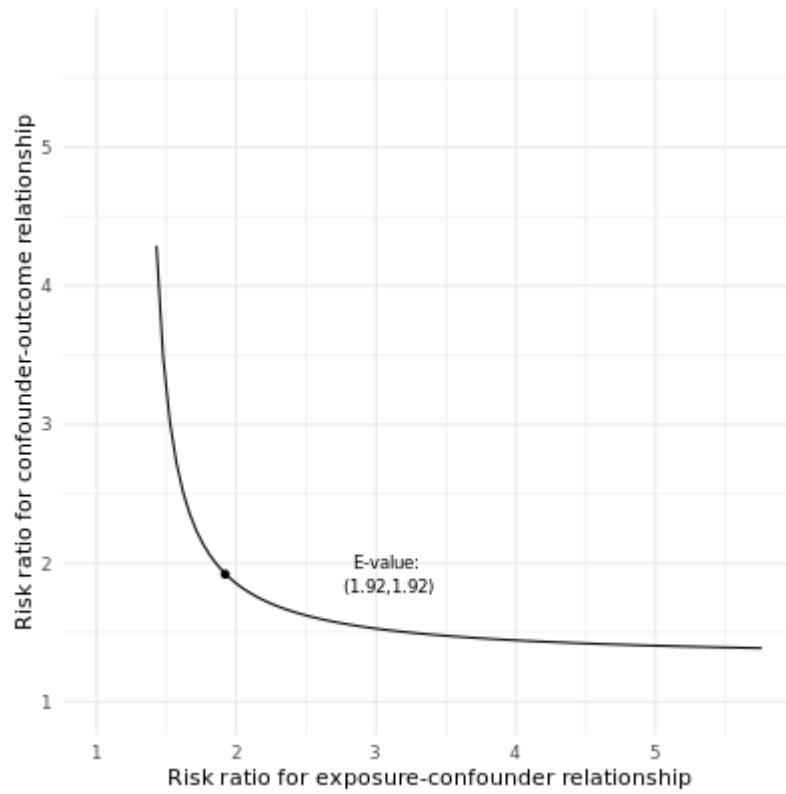


Figure S1. E-value Plot for Non-Hispanic Black Race (Covariate) and Receipt of Targeted Therapy (Outcome). Each point along the curve defines a joint relationship between the two sensitivity parameters that could potentially explain away the estimated effect. If one of the two parameters is smaller than the E-value, the other must be larger, as defined by the plotted curve. (<https://www.evalue-calculator.com/>)