Does small volume metastatic lymph node disease affect long-term prognosis in early cervical cancer?

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Survival in patients with micrometastasis and ITC is comparable to node negative patients. A full lymphadenectomy may be omitted. Adjuvant treatment decisions should be made taking into account all relevant patient and tumor factors.

Recurrence free survival in patients with early cervical cancer and small volume nodal metastases is comparable to that in node negative patients.

Pelvic and para-aortic lymphadenectomy may not be necessary due to the low incidence of positive non-sentinel nodes.

Most patients who receive adjuvant treatment have intermediate or high risk features that primarily drive that decision.

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